

GRI: Global Reporting Initiative veröffentlicht 'Sustainability Reporting Standards'?



Ende Oktober hat die GRI die weltweit ersten globalen Standards für die Nachhaltigkeitsberichterstattung veröffentlicht. Diese Standards sollen Unternehmen unterstützen, ihre Berichte über die Auswirkungen auf Wirtschaft, Umwelt und Gesellschaft transparenter zu gestalten. Sie sollen zudem den Organisationen dabei helfen, bessere Entscheidungen zu treffen und zu den nachhaltigen Entwicklungszielen der Vereinten Nationen (SDGs) beizutragen.

Die GRI Standards können Sie auf der folgenden Webseite kostenlos herunterladen: [GRI Standards hub](#)

Die GRI hat hierzu folgende Pressemeldung veröffentlicht:

Today, GRI launched the world's first global standards for sustainability reporting, giving companies a common language for disclosing non-financial information. The GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards will enable companies around the world to be more transparent about their impacts on the economy, the environment and society. They will also help organizations make better decisions and contribute to the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

The GRI Standards are the latest evolution of GRI's reporting disclosures, which have been developed through more than 15 years of a robust multi-stakeholder process. The Standards are based on the GRI G4 Guidelines, the world's most widely used sustainability reporting disclosures, and feature an improved format and new modular structure [1]. The new GRI Standards definitively replace the G4 Guidelines, which will be phased out by 1 July 2018.

'The GRI Standards make it much easier for companies to report non-financial information, using a well-understood shared language,' said GRI Interim Chief Executive Eric Hespeneide. 'The Standards are more straightforward, making them accessible

to potentially millions of businesses worldwide. Sustainability reporting, using the GRI Standards, is the best way for a company to disclose its economic, environmental and social impacts, thus providing insights into its contributions – positive or negative – toward sustainable development.

According to research published in the MIT Sloan Management Review [\[2\]](#), 75 percent of senior executives in investment firms agree that a company's sustainability performance is important to consider when making investment decisions. Most of the world's biggest companies publish this information and with the new GRI Standards many more organizations – including small companies – will be able to provide investors, consumers, employees and other stakeholders with the performance information they need.

With input from business, labor, government, investors, civil society, academia and sustainability practitioners, the Global Sustainability Standards Board (GSSB), a fully independent standard-setting body, developed the GRI Standards in the public interest. This multi-stakeholder process is a critical element of GRI's commitment to making sustainability considerations integral to every company's decision-making process.

“The GRI Standards empower companies to effectively understand and communicate their environmental and social impacts,” said Vice Chair of the GSSB Michael Nugent. “Collaborating across the public and private sector, we designed these standards to guide sustainability reporting for any company, in any industry, for decades to come.”

The GRI Standards are a set of 36 modular Standards that facilitate corporate reporting on topics such as greenhouse gas emissions, energy and water use, and labor practices. The new format allows GRI to update individual topics based on market and sustainability needs, without requiring revisions to the entire set of GRI Standards. The GRI Standards are centered on materiality – focusing on the topics that represent the most significant impacts of the organization and are most important to organizations' stakeholders – which supports sustainability reporting that is tailored to each individual company. A company can prepare a sustainability report in accordance with the GRI Standards at Core or Comprehensive level, or disclose individual topics to meet specific reporting needs.

GRI is organizing free launch events around the globe in November: in North America on the [2nd](#), [16th](#) and [29th](#), in Africa on the [10th](#), in Australia on the [15th](#) and [17th](#), in Asia on the [21st](#). For more information or to register for a launch event visit the GRI website [here](#).

The GRI Standards are available for free download on the [GRI Standards hub](#) on the GRI website, along with detailed mapping documents that show all of the changes from G4 to GRI Standards.

1. KPMG LLP, Currents of Change: The KPMG Survey of Corporate Responsibility Reporting 2015, Nov. 24, 2015, available at <http://bit.ly/2ehvHIE>

2. G. Unruh, D. Kiron, N. Kruschwitz, M. Reeves, H. Rubel, and A.M. zum Felde, “Investing For a Sustainable Future,” MIT Sloan Management Review, May 2016.

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